



PHOENIX MUNICIPAL COURT
APPLICATION FOR JUDICIAL OFFICE

Applications may be completed and printed with this on-line form. Some questions allow limited response space. If additional space is needed, attachments may be added. Applications must be typed. **PLEASE NOTE: The Rules of Procedure for the Judicial Selection Advisory Board for the City of Phoenix Municipal Court provide for public access to this application as follows:**

Judicial Selection Advisory Board Rules of Procedure, Rule 8(D) provides:

Except as provided in subsection (2) below, information provided to the board by the applicant or by a third-party shall be presumed to be available to the public.

(1) The following shall be available to the public:

(a) The applicant's name, occupation, employer, relevant work history, any other information provided in response to section I of the application form, and any supplemental materials submitted by the applicant relating to Section I of the application form;

(b) Any information that is specifically authorized for release by the source of that information.

(2) The following information shall remain confidential throughout the application and appointment process until destroyed pursuant to the applicable Municipal Court document retention schedule.

(a) The applicant's home address, information regarding applicant's family, and all other information that is provided to the board in response to questions contained in Section II of the application form;

(b) Information provided in writing or orally to the board by third-parties regarding an applicant, and the third party's identity, unless the third-party specifically states in writing that the information may be made public;

(c) Notes of the individual board members that are generated for personal use only and not published to other members of the board;

(d) Any information that is provided to a member of the board after a promise of confidentiality is properly extended to the source by that board member pursuant to rule 9(B) or 10(B) of these rules;

(e) Any information obtained by or submitted to the board that is made confidential by other provisions of law.

SECTION I – Public Information			
Last Name	First Name	MI	
Jackson	Walter	L.	
How many years have you resided in Arizona immediately preceding this application?			
Have you had at least five years practice of law? experience you have.		If no, describe what equivalent legal	
Yes. See attached resume.			
Arizona State Bar Number		Date of Admission	
[REDACTED]		April 30, 1977	
Schools Attended (preparatory, college and law)	Dates: mm/dd/yy		Degree
West Phoenix High School	From: 1965	Through: 1969	diploma
Arizona State University	From: 1969	Through: 1974	B.A
Arizona State University	From: 1974	Through: 1977	J.D.
	From:	Through:	
	From:	Through:	

1) Indicate major and minor fields of study.

See attached resume.

2) Indicate college and law school extracurricular activities.

See attached resume.

3) Indicate all bar admissions, numbers, and dates.

See attached resume.

4) If you have been certified as a specialist by the Arizona State Bar, identify specialty.

None

5) Explain if you have been denied admission to any State Bar.

No.

6) Current Job Title	Employer	Date(s) of Employment
Judge	City of Phoenix	From: 1982 Through: today

7) Describe chronologically, providing dates, your law practice and relevant experience following your graduation from law school, specifically indicating the following:

A. If you have served as a judge, indicate the court(s) and dates of service.

See attached resume.

B. If you have served as a clerk to a judge, indicate the name of the judge, the court, and the dates.

No.

C. If you practiced alone, indicate the addresses and dates.

See attached resume.

D. Provide the names, addresses and dates of law firms or law offices, companies, governmental agencies, or other organizations for which you have been employed, and describe the nature of that employment.

See attached resume.

E. Describe the types of major clients you have served and mention areas of law in which you have specialized or focused. Give details of any service you have provided in a fiduciary capacity.

See attached resume.

8) Indicate your frequency of appearances in court as a lawyer:

Describe the nature of your appearances, giving dates, court names, and the nature of the proceedings.

Frequently, weekly if no daily from admission to practice until May 2, 1986.
See attached resume.

A. Indicate the percentage of these appearances between the listed court types.

Federal Courts .08%	State Courts 94%	Justice Courts 5%
City Courts .02%	Administrative Boards or Commissions	

B. Indicate the percentage of your litigation practice.

Civil 100%	Criminal	Traffic	Administrative
------------	----------	---------	----------------

C. State the number of cases you tried to verdict or judgment (rather than settled), for each of the following:

Sole Counsel 75+	Chief Counsel	Associate Counsel
------------------	---------------	-------------------

D. What percentage of these trials was:

Jury 40%+	Non-Jury 55%+
-----------	---------------

E. Describe not more than five of the more significant litigated matters which you handled and give the citations, if the cases were reported. Give a capsule summary of the substance of each case, and a succinct statement of what you believe to be the particular significance of the case. Please identify the party or parties whom you represented, describe the nature of your participation in the litigation and the final disposition of the case. Please also state, as to each case: 1) the date of the trial; 2) the name of the court and the judge before whom the case was tried; and 3) the names and addresses of counsel for the other parties.

1) Joyce Easley v. The New Foundation

Summary: The plaintiff claimed that a lower-lip scar, received in an automobile accident, prevented her from singing certain high notes that made her, as the centerpiece of the church choir, the envy of the congregation.

Significance: This is the only jury trial in which I have participated, as either a lawyer or a judge, where the jury laughed at the plaintiff's claim. The amount of the verdict was less than the offer of judgment.

Walter Lee Jackson, Attorney for Defendant

Jury verdict: \$7,000.00 for the plaintiff.

March 21, 1979 to March 23, 1979

Maricopa County Superior Court, case no. C35601, Hon. Charles L. Hardy, presiding

Steven M. Friedman, Attorney for Plaintiff

Began, Lewis, Marks & Wolfe, P.A.

111 W. Monroe, suite 1400

Phoenix, AZ 85003-1787

2) Terry Forshee v. Ramesh Patel, dba The Tradewinds Motel

Summary: An eighteen-month old boy received a severe, disfiguring scar when a motel wall-heater fell on his face. Jury verdict: \$2,000.00 for the plaintiff.

Significance: My client and his immigrant family risked the loss of everything because their insurance policy limits were but a small fraction of the plaintiff's demand.

Walter Lee Jackson, Attorney for Defendant

Jury verdict: \$2,000.00 for the plaintiff.

November 30, 1981 to December 3, 1981

Maricopa County Superior Court, case no. C426783, Hon. James Moeller, presiding

G. David Gage, Attorney for Plaintiff

Two North Central, suite 1125

Phoenix, AZ 85004-2383

3) Sean Bruce v. The City of Prescott and Willdan Associates

summary: A ten-year old bicyclist lost control on a designated bicycle path, crashed, and suffered brain damage. Jury verdict: \$53,560.00 for the plaintiff.

significance: The negligence of the employees of the City of Prescott caused an uproar in the community and fueled early stages of the city council and mayoral campaigns.

Walter Lee Jackson, Attorney for Defendant

Jury verdict: \$53,560.00 for the plaintiff.

June 9, 1982 to June 18, 1982

Yavapai County Superior Court, case no. 37412. Hon. James B. Sult, presiding

John Ireland, Attorney for Plaintiff, address unknown

Richard L. Thompson, Attorney for co-defendant

1818 North 7th Avenue

Phoenix, AZ 85007

4) Virginia Perkinson v. The City of Prescott

Summary: A pedestrian sought recovery for permanent, crippling injuries sustained when she was hit by a car in a crosswalk that the city abandoned in a negligent manner.

Significance: The case was tried in a media firestorm during the election campaign for mayor and city council. The case presented the best possible argument for contributory negligence: a plaintiff who understood the imminent danger, and who then acted in total disregard of her own safety.

Walter Lee Jackson, Attorney for Defendant

Jury verdict: \$146,439.86 for the plaintiff.

August 30, 1983 to September 10, 1983

Yavapai County Superior Court, case no. 39822, Hon. Paul G. Rosenblatt, presiding

John A. Preston, Attorney for Plaintiff

105 East Gurley

Prescott, AZ 86301-3820

5) Betty Irmarosa v. The Golden Rock Night Club and Show Lounge

Summary: After singing, dancing and trading wisecracks on stage with the emcee, a sixty-year old woman slipped and fell on ice cubes, while on her way back to her daughter's table.

Significance: This is the one jury trial, in my personal experience, where the star witness for the plaintiff broke-down on the stand during cross-examination, in the manner of a Perry Mason mystery.

Walter Lee Jackson, Attorney for Defendant

Jury verdict: for the defense.

October 26, 1981 to October 30, 1981

Maricopa County Superior Court, case no. C408497, Hon. B. Michael Dann, presiding

Dennis P. Levine

1305 West McDowell

Phoenix, AZ 85007-1798

9) Describe any significant arbitration, mediation, or litigation experience not discussed above.

I was the first staff counsel hired in Arizona to litigate and try cases. In that capacity, I pioneered alternative dispute resolution by placing into Superior Court Arbitration dozens of cases valued beyond the dollar limits of arbitration.

The skill and experience I gained as staff counsel for The Home Insurance Company enabled me, as a Superior Court judge pro tem, to settle hundreds of cases, that otherwise would have gone to trial.

I was once assigned a high-profile case where three defendants tied-up and robbed beauty parlor patrons from Florida across the South, from Tucson to Phoenix. Criminal Department Presiding Judge Cecil Patterson made it clear that I was to begin the trial immediately. The trial would last at least a month as victims from each offense, including those from Tucson and other states came to testify.

Rather than begin that expensive trial and face reversal on appeal due to "ineffective assistance of counsel", I suggested and helped facilitate an agreement where the defendants plead to the charges in exchange for a life sentence to be served in another state, at no expense to Arizona taxpayers. I even arranged for special appointment as a Pima County Superior Court judge pro tem so all the charges could be processed at one time. Justice was achieved, saving the victims from further trauma and inconvenience, and the scarce resources of the criminal justice system were not wasted.

As a judge, I presided over several high-profile cases, and over trials on charges ranging from minor traffic to murder in the first degree.

Some months I conducted over 40% of the sentencings in the Maricopa County Superior Court.

During my service as a judge pro tem in the Superior Court, I frequently covered more than one division. For example, while covering my own "open" division, I also covered now Arizona Supreme Court Justice Michael Ryan's division during the month that he presided over the Gov. Evan Mecham trial; and also covered Judge Marquardt's division for four months during his marijuana problems.

When the Felony Center faced a very public failure, a select committee of Maricopa County Superior Court judges chose me to rescue the project. Their decision was based on my lengthy and hard-earned reputation for organization, temperament and leadership. The turnaround was a complete success.

10) If you are or have been a judge, describe not more than five of the more significant cases you have tried or opinions you have written, or attach copies. Give the citations if the opinions were reported as well as citations to any appellate review of such opinions. Finally, please attach copies of the opinions, to include any appellate review of those opinions.

Each of the thousands of cases I've tried was significant to the participants, whether the case involved a simple traffic violation or murder in the first degree, forcible detainer or medical malpractice. I have never had the opportunity to author a significant opinion.

One case, however, does stand out.

The defendant was charged with kidnapping, aggravated assault, and sexual assault. According to his psychiatrist, he suffered from a mental condition that began when he left an intense argument with his mother, and encountered a woman, any woman, who said "No!" to him about even an inconsequential matter. Each occasion resulted in the woman being stuffed in the trunk of a car, driven to the desert, assaulted, and then subject to his inept efforts to kill her. In the case at trial, he met a woman who rejected his offer to change her flat tire. She was saved only by the heroic actions of a tribal policeman.

Unfortunately, the aged prosecutor (who was not from the Maricopa County Attorney's office), trying his first case, was quite incompetent. He was demonstrably unable to cross-examine the defense psychiatrist. The jury seemed alarmed. Even defense counsel requested a recess to avoid a miscarriage of justice.

But what to do? With the upcoming holiday weekend, no Superior Court Judge was available for advice. I was on my own.

I began with the premise that a trial is a search for the truth, and that my first duty was to ensure a fair trial. The prosecutor agreed that he needed help, and that if he didn't get it, the dangerous defendant would walk. To assist the prosecutor's new "second chair", I ordered an expedited transcript of the expert testimony taken so far, and for balance, offered the defense a similar transcript of the upcoming State's psychiatrist's testimony. Thus, each side could have additional time to prepare, present and challenge the most critical part of the case.

The trial took three times longer than first estimated, but in the end even the defense lawyer described the solution as a model for preventing an otherwise inevitable injustice. The defendant is presently serving a 132 year sentence.

11) Please describe your experience in the following areas:

A. Managerial Skills

Please see the attached resume.

B. Supervisory Skills

Please see the attached resume.

C. Budget

Please see the attached resume.

D. Personnel

Please see the attached resume.

12) Have you ever been engaged in any occupation, business, or profession other than the practice of law or holding judicial office? If yes, please provide details, including dates.

I have been employed continuously since I was eight years old, selling donuts and newspapers, washing dishes and cars, loading trucks, stocking shelves, repairing, selling, and delivering toys, and law clerking.

Since graduation from law school, I have not been engaged in occupation, business or profession other than the practice of law, and as a judge and Superior Court commissioner pro tem.

13) Are you now, or have you ever been an officer or director or otherwise engaged in the management of any business enterprise? If yes, give details, including the name of the enterprise, the nature of the business, the title or other description of your position, the nature of your duties, and the terms of your service.

No.

14) Is it your intention to resign such position and withdraw from any participation in the management of any of such enterprises if you are appointed? If no, please explain.

Not applicable.

15) Have you ever been sued by a client or a party? If yes, give details, including dates.

No.

16) Have you published any legal or other books or articles? If yes, please list them, giving the citations and dates.

Yes.

While an undergraduate I published an article in a historical journal on logistical problems during the Indian Wars in Arizona, and was paid for the article. I can provide no other details, since it was lost in a fire at my home.

17) Are you in compliance with the continuing legal education requirements applicable to you? If yes, list the courses and dates of attendance for the last two (2) years.

Yes.

I have attended every mandatory judicial conference since appointed to the Phoenix Municipal Court bench more than 20 years ago. Each conference contains the full compliment of courses for compliance.

18) Have you taught any courses on law or lectured at bar associations, conferences, law school forums, or continuing legal education seminars? Yes If yes, please describe by providing the name of the course, the subject matter, the date and the place.

I lectured on bail guidelines at two seminars: one for the Maricopa County Bar Association on July 18, 1987, the other for the Maricopa County Superior Court during April, 1990.

19) List any honors, prizes, awards, or other forms of recognition which you have received other than those mentioned in answers to the foregoing questions.

Presiding Judge Award nominee, 2001, Phoenix Municipal Court.

Order of the Barrister, for excellence in trial and appellate advocacy, 1976.

Acknowledgment in the MCBA Desk Directory, for my effort as chairman of the Desk Directory Committee.

20) List any public offices held and dates.

I have never been elected to public office.

21) List memberships and activities in professional organizations, including offices held.

I was elected to the MCBA Young Lawyers Board of Directors, 1979 to 1981, where I served as chairman of the Desk Directory Committee.

I have been a member of the Maricopa County Bar Association since 1977.

I was accepted as a fellow in the Arizona Bar Foundation on March 14, 1990.

Optional: List memberships and activities in civic organizations, including offices held.

I have been a member of and have assisted in fund raising for the Phoenix Art Museum, The Arizona Historical society, the Friends of Channel 8, and The Orange Empire Railway Museum.

I served on the Maricopa County Superior Court Historical Retrieval Committee which was charged with the restoration of the Old Superior Court Building.

22) List vocational interests and hobbies.

I am an avid reader, particularly in the fields of American History, political science, economics, biography, and emergine science and technology.

I have mastered patience in the restoration and maintenance of a 1963 Dodge Dart GT convertible.

23) Has any complaint of professional misconduct ever been filed, in any jurisdiction, where any form of disciplinary action has been taken against you? If yes, when and where? How was it resolved?

None.

24) Have you ever been convicted of any misdemeanor or felony, or violation of the Uniform Code of Military Justice in the United States, or any foreign country? If yes, when and where? How was it resolved?

No.

25) Phoenix City Code ("P.C.C."), Section 2-96(C)(3) provides that merit shall be the primary consideration for the Judicial Selection Advisory Board in making recommendations to the City Council for appointment to judicial office. Under P.C.C. § 2-96(C)(3) and consistent with the Arizona Constitution (see AZ Const. Art. 6 § 37(C)), the Judicial Selection Advisory Board has the duty to consider the diversity of the City's population. Please provide any information about yourself (e.g., your heritage, background, life experiences, etc.) that you believe is relevant to this consideration.

I was born with severe inward rotation of the knees, and was fitted with heavy steel braces that locked my legs together. I could not stand, but only crawl, until nearly 6 years of age. This was during an error when there existed little accomodation for those with disabilities

This experience left me determined to be welcoming to others, and to look past the physical.

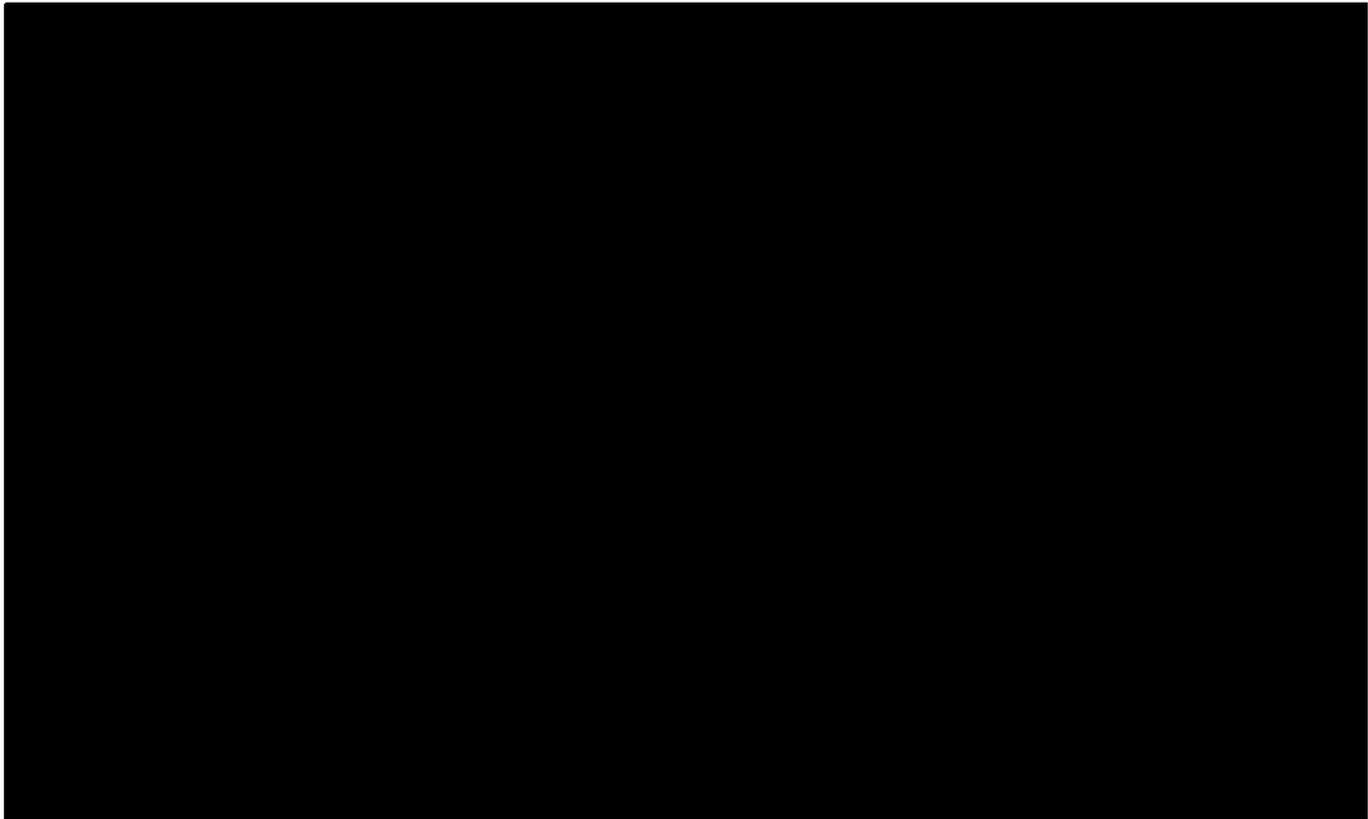
I grew up in poverty, and began working full time at age 7, contributing money to my family that helped keep a roof over my family's head and food on the table.

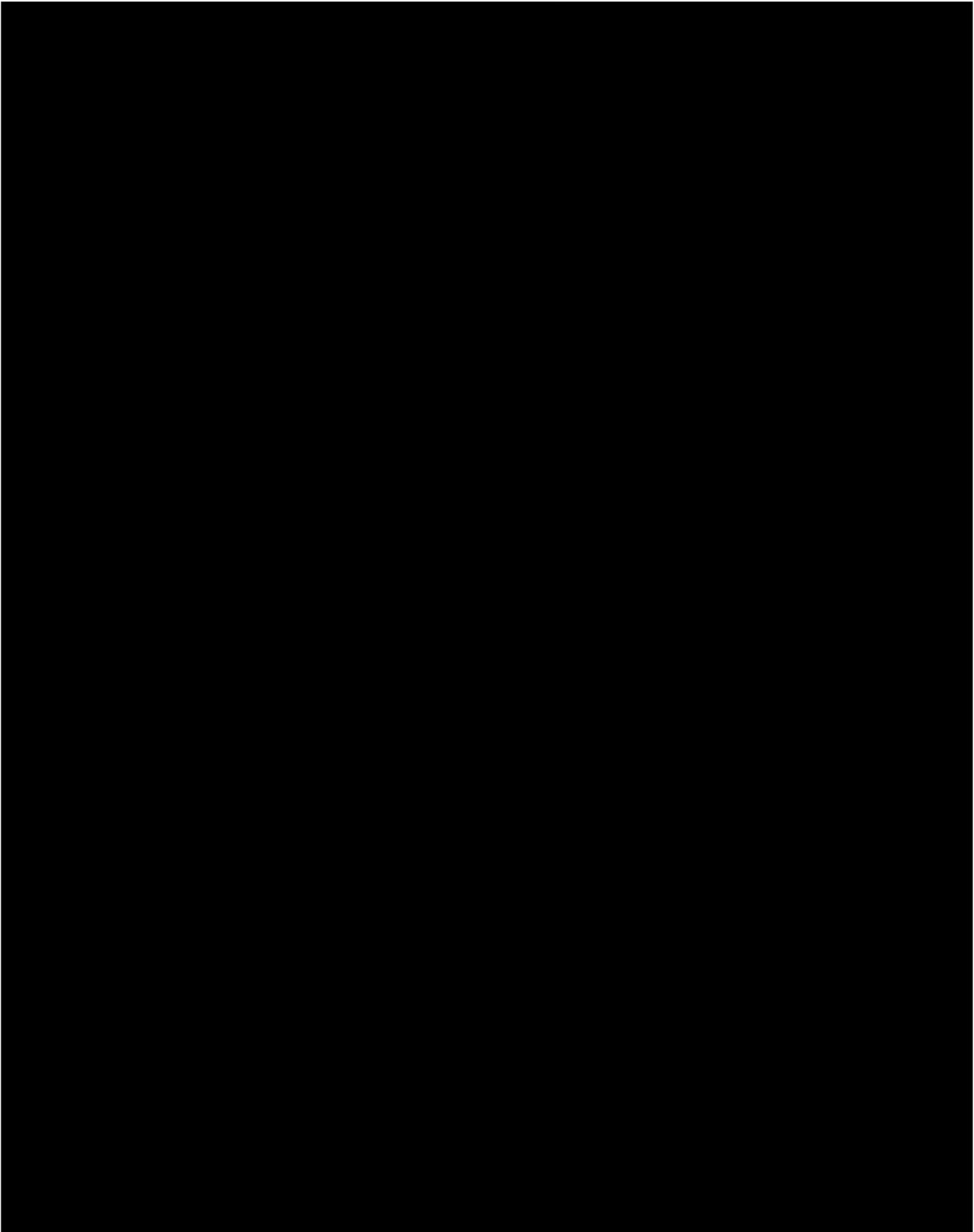
26) Include any further information relative to your candidacy or qualifications that you wish to transmit to the Judicial Selection Advisory Board at this time.

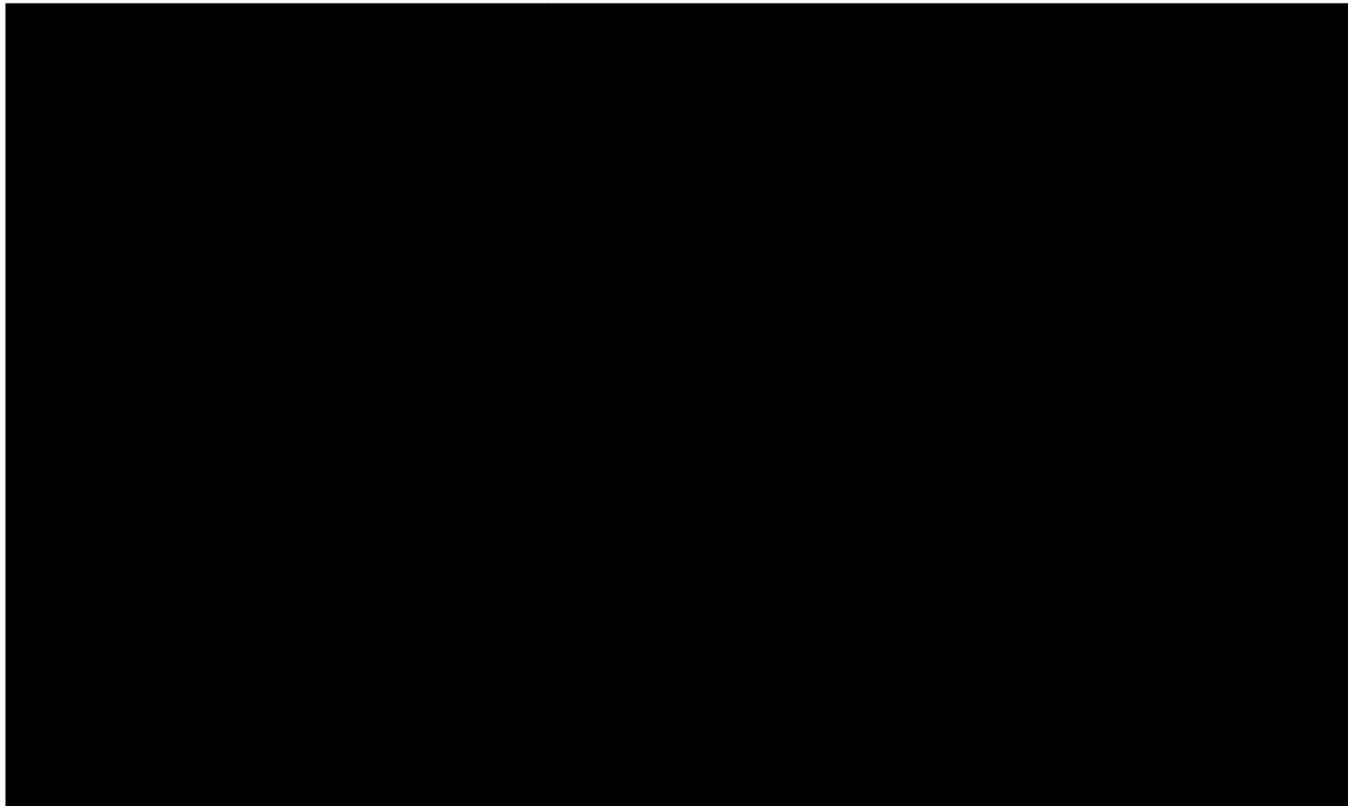
Please see the attached cover letter and resume.

I played an integral part in the creation of the modern Phoenix Municipal Court and was deeply involved in drafting proposals for the structure and function of that institution.

Upon that basis we developed a reputation for innovation and excellence.







Judicial Selection Advisory Board
300 West Washington Street
Phoenix, AZ 85003-2103

Re: Application of Walter Lee Jackson for
Presiding Judge of the Phoenix Municipal Court.

March 13, 2026

Members of the Board:

Your task must be to identify a leader who aligns with the City of Phoenix's management philosophy, to ensure success, and who avoids the issues caused by divergent paths.

Servant-Leadership is the name of that philosophy. It emerged from the government reform movement after World War II and propelled Phoenix into the list of top-rated cities.

As the epitome of inclusivity, it seeks continuous improvement by encouraging all employees to be observant, think creatively, and communicate those ideas to achieve better customer service.

Success requires management to know the system, to encourage the development and expression of new ideas, to genuinely listen, to learn, and to possess the wisdom to act.

The Court once shared the City's reputation for excellence. It was earned in the transformation from 5 independent courts in 1982 to a centralized system of 34 courts by 1984 to address population growth and changes in the law. Shared leadership was key, fostering a sense of collective responsibility and motivating every employee to actively participate in achieving excellence. As a result, we processed more cases than all the lower courts in Arizona combined.

I was not merely present at the creation of the modern Court, but an active participant. Much of the material was written on my typewriter and computer. I received an unparalleled education in leadership from those who obtained the Court's reputation for excellence.

With new leadership, it began to change, first slowly over many years, and then suddenly with recent governance. The new philosophy proclaimed that "it is our time now," as it destroyed the written guidance and policy manuals for every position in the Court. The books that explained how to cover a judicial assignment, the scripts, and the "best practices" tips were gone. Training of new judges failed, effecting customer service.

Management's failure to listen and learn led to diminished morale, scarce civility, and difficulty filling vacant positions, emphasizing the need for a new approach.

Given my background and experience, I know the steps we must take to regain the reputation for excellence, and I possess the energy and drive to make it happen. On that basis, I respectfully submit this application.

Very Truly Yours,



WALTER LEE JACKSON
Judge

WALTER LEE JACKSON



LEGAL EXPERIENCE As a judge, commissioner or hearing officer

Phoenix Municipal Court Judge

December 20, 2004 to the present

Assigned to Division 208, a combined primary intake and early disposition court, 2017 to the present.

Assigned to Division 705, an in-custody jury trial division, 2011 to 2017.

Assigned to Division 208, the Early Disposition Court, 2004 to 2011.

Member, ReTool Committee

Past Member, Judicial Practices and Procedures Committee. Training Committee

Phoenix Municipal Court Judge Pro Tem

September 20, 1982 to April 30, 1991; May 22, 1992 to December 19, 2004.

I performed every task that can be assigned except presiding judge duties.

Served more than 24 hours every week for more than twenty years.

The Felony Center - Maricopa County Superior and Justice Courts - Judge/Commissioner Pro Tem

May, 1992 to June, 1993:

A prototype criminal delay reduction project that replaced five other courts.

Appointment based on my reputation for achieving high levels of productivity in large case volume environments, my group motivational skills, and my exemplary demeanor.

My appointment as Acting Presiding Judge of the Maricopa County Superior Court allowed me to reassign cases from anywhere in the system, including the Justice Courts for immediate case resolution, and to consolidate every case that a defendant had before a single judge at sentencing, creating great efficiencies in transportation and interpreter services, time of the attorneys and victims, and the Adult Probation Department which was required to write the presentence/predisposition hearing report.

By applying Total Quality Management principles, we achieved a rate of case resolution *three* times higher, while earning the appreciation and respect of prosecutors, police officers, victims, witnesses, defendants, defense attorneys, court staff and judges.

Maricopa County Superior Court Judge Pro Tem

April, 1984 to June 30, 1991; July 1, 1992 to June 30, 1996:

to hear fugitive of justice matters in jail court.

July 1, 1985 to December 31, 1990:

To hear general criminal cases. I served more days on calendar assignments than a judge would encounter in seven and one-half years, and was assigned to an "open" judge position on four occasions.

May 5, 1986 to December 31, 1990

Acting Presiding Judge of the Maricopa County Superior Court to allow quick reassignment to any judicial task without further approval of the Chief Justice of the Arizona Supreme Court.

January 1, 1986 to June 30, 1991; July 1, 1993 to June 30, 1997:

To hear general civil cases. I served as trial judge on more than one hundred cases involving a broad range of issues, including tort, medical malpractice, contracts and preliminary injunctions.

I served as acting presiding judge of the criminal department on 8 occasions, of the civil department on 3 occasions, and of the probate department on 2 occasions.

July 1, 1993 to June 30, 1994:

To hear domestic relations cases, from temporary orders through trial.

Maricopa County Superior Court Commissioner Pro Tem

April 1984 to June 30, 1991; May 6, 1992 to June 30, 1997:

I regularly performed every task that could be assigned, except juvenile and tax matters.

On two occasions I was assigned to an "open" commissioner position until that position was filled by appointment.

I served as a commissioner in the Madison Street Jail at the initial appearance hearings every weekend and every Thursday, when not assigned elsewhere, for more than ten years.

Maricopa County Justice of the Peace Pro Tem

June, 1990 to December 31, 1991. May 6, 1992 to December 19, 2004.

I performed every task that can be assigned except presiding judge duties, and served as the principal training officer for new judges for more than three years.

Board of Medical Examiners of the State of Arizona - Administrative Law Judge (hearing officer)

October 1988 to January, 1991:

Presided at seven hearings, including the second longest hearing in the history of the Board.

Arizona Board of Osteopathic Examiners - Administrative Law Judge (hearing officer)

February, 1990 to January, 1991:

Presided at two hearings.

Joint Board on the Regulation of Physician's Assistants - Administrative Law Judge (hearing officer)

March, 1990 to January, 1991:

Presided at two hearings.

LEGAL EXPERIENCE as a Lawyer:

Private Practice - Sole Practitioner

Represented physicians and other health care professionals in licensing and contractual matters; Also, Consumer Bankruptcy, Transactional Law, and Personal Injury - plaintiff.
June, 1996 to December, 2004.

Arizona Attorney General's Office

Assistant Attorney General in Liability Defense
Assigned to handle large and complex tort/medical malpractice cases.
June, 1991 to February, 1992

Arizona Attorney General's Office

Assistant Attorney General for Administration
Supervised the Management Services Division, which included personnel, accounting, victim/witness, computing services, facilities and library functions.
Planned and implemented in the reorganization of the top administration.
Liason to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee.
Liason to the Governor's Office.
Spoke in place of the Attorney General at numerous luncheons and public meetings.
January, 1991 to May, 1991

The Home Insurance Company

Created the Staff counsel/trial attorney position and office, which was studied and duplicated across the country and by other insurance companies, by the Arizona utility companies, and a number of prominent banks doing business in Arizona.
Compiled the best and most productive record of any Home Insurance staff counsel nationwide.
The first staff counsel in Arizona to litigate and try cases.
More than 75 trials in the Superior Court; including more than 30 jury trials.
Litigated a wide variety of personal injury, product liability, malpractice, subrogation, workers compensation, civil rights, defamation. malpractice and bad faith cases in nearly every county in Arizona.
A pioneer in alternative dispute resolution.
Designed, implemented, and supervised the office litigation system.
March, 1979 to May, 1986

Law Offices of Levin & Milne

Associate trial attorney
Commercial collection, construction law, malpractice, personal injury, and appellate cases.
March, 1978 to February, 1979

Law Offices of Louis G. Jeckel

Associate
A very general practice, with emphasis on tax, banking, government regulation, trusts and estates, dissolution of marriage, personal injury, and malpractice.
April, 1977 to February, 1978

BAR ADMISSIONS

State Bar of Arizona - April 30, 1977 to the present.
State Bar of California - October 22, 1993 to the present

U.S. District Court, District of Arizona - June 6, 1977.
U.S. Court of Appeals, Ninth Circuit - June 20, 1977.
United States Supreme Court - November 3, 1980.

PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATIONS

Maricopa County Bar Association, April 30, 1977 to the 2020.
Chairman, Desk Directory Committee, 1979 to 1981.
Board of Directors, Young Lawyers Division, 1979 to 1981.
Medical-Legal Committee, 1996 to 1999.

Maricopa County Superior Court Historical Retrieval Committee, 1986 to 1998.
The committee was charged with planning the restoration of the Old Court House and the preservation of the Court's history.

Arizona Bar Foundation Fellow, March 14, 1990.

Maricopa County Superior Court Continuing Judicial Education and Training Program.
I lectured at two seminars on bail and release.

EDUCATION

Juris Doctor, December, 1976

Arizona State University College of Law

Activities: Law Review, Moot Court, created, managed and served as an instructor for the Barrister's Union, which staged mock trials, and helped create the National Mock Trial Competition,

Internship: prosecutor, Tempe Municipal Court

Honors: Order of the Barrister

Bachelor of Arts, August, 1974

Arizona State University College of Liberal Arts

American History-Political Science Major

AWARDS:

Employee Excellence Award, April 27, 2005

Presented by the City of Phoenix

For my years of service as the presiding judge at the Veterans Stand Down, an event intended to provide a fresh start for homeless veterans.

Chief Presiding Judge Award, 2006

Presented by Chief Presiding Judge Roxanne Song Ong

For my service as a member of the Early Disposition Court Team