## Publishing

## CITY OF PHOENIX TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE (SALES) AND USE TAX

## WHO MUST PAY THE TAX?

You must be licensed and pay tax if you are engaged in the business of publishing of newspapers, magazines or other periodicals. The sale of books is taxable as a retail sale. The sale of advertising in the periodicals is taxable under the Advertising classification.

## WHAT IS THE CITY TAX RATE?

The City's tax rate is $2.3 \%$; the combined rate (including State \& County taxes) is $8.6 \%$.

## WHEN IS TAX DUE?

Your tax return and payment are due on the $20^{\text {th }}$ day of the month following the reporting period.

## WHICH CITY IS OWED THE TAX?

If distributed by U.S. Mail - If the publication is mailed, the tax is due to the city in which the publisher is located. This is determined by the following:
(1) the location of the offices of the publisher when the printing of the publication is not performed by the publisher, or
(2) the location of either the editorial offices or the printing facilities if the publisher performs the printing of the publication.

If distributed other than by U.S. Mail -The tax is owed to each city in which the publication is distributed if distributed by carrier. Revenues must be allocated to each city by proportion of revenue received for the circulated material. Publishers of periodicals based in Phoenix owe tax to Phoenix on all revenues not reportable to another city for circulation in that city. Publishers of periodicals based outside of Phoenix owe tax to Phoenix on all circulation into the City.

## WHAT IS TAXABLE?

Publishing revenue is measured by gross revenue from subscriptions and direct sales by the publisher. All circulation revenue of a publisher is subscription revenue, except for amounts credited to carriers or vendors as compensation for delivery.

## DEDUCTIONS THAT CAN BE TAKEN (when included in the gross income on the front of your tax return form):

1. State, County and City tax collected whether charged separately or included in the sales price
2. bad debts on which tax was paid on a previously filed City tax return form
3. discounts, refunds, or returns
4. sales to "Qualifying Health Care Facilities," including hospitals, nursing homes and dialysis centers (must be non-profit entities)

## CALCULATING THE TAX

You may choose to charge the tax separately or you may include tax in your price. If you include tax in your price (i.e., no separate charge for tax), you may back out the tax in order to compute the amount of tax included in your gross income. The formula is as follows:

TAXABLE SALES divided by 1 + COMBINED TAX RATE of 8.6\% (State, County \& City tax) Calculate the tax deduction as follows:

Taxable Sales $\div$ Factor (1.086) $=$ Computed Taxable Income
Taxable Sales less Computed Taxable Income equals your deduction for tax collected.
Example: $\quad \$ 3,000.00 \div 1.086=\$ 2,762.43$
$\$ 3,000.00-\$ 2,762.43=\$ 237.57$ (tax collected deduction)
If more tax was collected than was due, the City's portion of excess tax collected must be paid to the City, unless it is refunded to the customer. Please refer to the Transaction Privilege (Sales) and Use Tax Instruction Sheet for instructions on how to report excess tax collected or the tax collected deduction.

This material is available in alternate formats upon request. For more information, call (602) 2626785, press 4, TTY (602) 534-5500 or write to City of Phoenix, TAX DIVISION, 251 W. Washington Street, $3^{\text {rd }}$ Floor, Phoenix, Arizona 85003. For more information on our licensing, tax rates, tax return instructions or access to the city of Phoenix Tax Code, visit our website at www.phoenix.gov/finance/PLT.

This is general information only. For complete details, refer to the city of Phoenix Tax Code.

